









# THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT, KY.

THOMAS M. GREEN, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1858.

Elder W. T. Moore, pastor of the Christian Church, will deliver another discourse this evening, at 7 o'clock. Subject—"What is the True Church of Christ?"

The Democrat alluding to a statement made in this paper that Mr. Crittenden had expressed a desire for the re-election of Mr. Douglas to the Senate of the United States, hazards this remark:

"What 'arrant' there may be for such an assertion, we of course, know not; but a gentleman who is known to be upon the most intimate terms with Mr. Crittenden, assures us that it is false, from first to last. We can add, that from personal conversations had with Mr. C., not one month since, we are persuaded that such is not the case, as all his remarks placed him in affiliation with the opposition, and zealous for its triumph throughout the nation. We do not attach the importance to individual opinions in this contest which the Republican does, but still it is due to Mr. C., that we should make this statement."

Now, we have to say in reply to this paragraph, that a gentleman of this city—one who has been on intimate terms with Mr. Crittenden for a life time—did hear from Mr. Crittenden's own lips, not three weeks since, the avowal that he was strongly desirous for the re-election of Judge Douglas to the Senate, at the coming election—paying at the same time the highest compliment to the integrity and patriotism of the Senator Douglas. We do not know who the "gentleman" is, but we know that the statement is true. It is that Mr. Crittenden's personal conversations with Mr. C., not a month since, and who states that "all his remarks placed him in affiliation with the opposition, and zealous for its triumph throughout the nation," but we venture the assertion, founded upon his well known character, that Mr. Crittenden does not "affiliate" with Black Republicanism in any of its forms, and that he does not desire the success of that party in this nation. He would go as far as any man in the Senate to put down the vile heresy—he is a National man, and not a sectional one, and this, of itself, would determine him to oppose that party.—St. Louis Republican.

We copy the above from one of the most respectable Democratic papers in the West, and we commend it to the attention of the lesser lights in Kentucky which are continually repeating the foul calumny, that Mr. Crittenden sympathizes with the Black Republicans. It is true, as the Republican remarks, that "Mr. Crittenden does not affiliate with Black Republicanism in any of its forms and that he does not desire the success of that party in this nation." But it is equally true that Mr. Crittenden does not desire the continuation in power of the corrupt and profligate organization which now rules the country. "He is a national man," and that is the very reason why he will with all his strength strike high at the Kansas of those who lately endeavored to force Kansas into the Union under a Constitution hated and detested by her people, and threatened secession as the result of a refusal on the part of Congress to sanction the iniquity proposed by Mr. Buchanan. Politicians may be assured that Mr. Crittenden will never be found joining in a sectional war waged by one part of the Union against the other. He would far rather "compromise" all such jealousies than urge them on.

The Democracy in Illinois are anxious to use Mr. Crittenden's name in that State in favor of their champion, while the Democracy of Kentucky bitterly condemn him. The testimony of Northern Democrats flatly contradicts their Southern brethren. Yet the Republican is a violent pro-slavery paper, but he has the fairness to repudiate the charges brought against Mr. Crittenden. Whether or not the Republican would do so were it not for the hope of aiding Mr. Douglas by such candor, is another question, and one which we shall not try to answer. At any rate, our venerable Senator's opinions are deemed of much importance in the Illinois canvass.

ITJ. GLANCEY Jones has been appointed minister to Austria. This is his reward for having betrayed his constituents by deserting the principles upon which he was elected. He endeavored to save himself by assuring the tariff Democrats of his district that he could induce the Southern Democracy to protect the iron interests of that State, even although they might refuse to protect the products of their own section against foreign competition; but having been deceived once, they could place no confidence in him. "The burnt child shuns the fire." We suppose that the free trade Democracy will be well satisfied with the appointment.

SEWING MACHINES.—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Mr. C. A. CLARKE, agent for SLOAT'S Sewing Machines, to be found in another column; and while we are not prepared to endorse all that is claimed for these machines, having only made a hasty examination of them, still we can say we believe them to be good machines, and we understand that the company warrants them for three years; if so, a purchaser can lose nothing, for a good sewing machine will pay much more than its cost, in the saving of labor and time, before the three years expire. We can say for Mr. CLARKE that he is a clever gentleman, and we believe he will fulfill any promise he makes to those who buy of him. We know that the "Wheeler & Wilson" machine is a very superior one, from personal experience, and, if this machine of Sloat's, is at all equal to that, it is a good machine. The principle of this machine is very similar to "Wheeler & Wilson's," and whether the slight variations are advantageous or not, we cannot say. The stitch is alike on both sides of the cloth, as is that made by Wheeler & Wilson's machine. We are decidedly in favor of every person, who has a family, having a sewing machine of some kind, and all we can say to them is, examine both the kinds mentioned, and choose for yourself.

THE CONFESSORIAL IN THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—A very deep feeling of dissatisfaction at present pervades the minds of the people of England in consequence of the disclosures made of certain practices by clergymen of the church of England, who it is clearly proved have introduced the worst practices of the Romish confessional into that church. Other cases have also been brought to the notice of various Bishops, the most recent being that of the Rev. Mr. West, officiating in the diocese of the Bishop of Oxford, at a place called Boyne Hills. The reverend gentleman was put upon his trial, and acquitted. The fact that he had required his parishioners to confess to him, and that he had put the most revolting questions to females at the confessional, was admitted by himself.

## La Crescent, Minnesota.

We have just received the following letter from a friend, and as many of our subscribers are interested in the information which it contains, we publish it for their benefit, as well as for all others who take an interest in the remarkable progress of that section of our country:

CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 13, 1858.

Col. A. G. Hodges:

DEAR SIR—I have recent and reliable information from La Crescent to the effect, that all the agreements and arrangements entered into when you were up, in regard to the location of the track of the Southern Minnesota Railroad within the limits of La Crescent, the point agreed upon for depot grounds, and other matters pertaining to the location and construction of this road to suit the interests of the town, have all been perfected and permanently settled—the necessary papers in testimony of the several agreements being duly signed and recorded; and I am assured by gentlemen who reside there, that the agreements thus entered into suit the views and wishes of the citizens exactly—that the gentlemen Directors, Messrs. Wells, Kneeland & Pringle, (the locating committee for this road,) have, with great cleverness and liberality, so located their road in the vicinity, as well as within the limits, and their depots at the terminus, as will best suit and promote the growing interests of the place.

I saw a gentleman a few days ago, who resides in La Crescent, (a merchant there,) he informed me that he left La Crescent the day before, that the Railroad Company had gone vigorously to work, and that a number of men were then busily engaged in throwing up a grade for the road from the terminus at the river across the level land, west of Chamberlain, the great contractor of the Northwest, who built sixty odd miles of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad this summer, (in the face of the severest time of the depression in money matters,) had taken the contract for building the whole road from La Crescent to the intersection with the Winona and St. Paul Railroad, which his whole immense force, lately employed upon the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad, was to be sent to work upon this line; and that he expected confidently to complete twenty miles of the road, from La Crescent west, ready for the iron, this fall.

Chamberlain takes the bounds of the State of Minnesota, based upon the lands donated by Congress, for his pay, and he must complete twenty miles of the work before getting the first instalment.

La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad is now completed and in full operation, pouring in a stream of passengers to this point on the Mississippi daily; arrangements are being made at La Crescent to establish a line of stages, for the convenience of those going west, to run temporarily, until the Southern Minnesota Railroad shall be completed.

The effect of these improvements; the completion of the Milwaukee and La Crosse Road; and the location and vigorous prosecution of the work upon the Southern Minnesota Railroad, is of course already being sensibly felt at La Crescent. Business has increased, new stores have opened, population is coming in, lots have advanced in price, and sales have commenced being made at the advanced prices, and every one seems sanguine of the rapid growth and prosperity of the place. I have always believed this to be the best town in the Northwest; the safest for investment; the surest to succeed. Its position upon the Mississippi makes it the key to all Southern Minnesota, an immense, an exceedingly fertile country, the most beautiful perhaps in the Northwest, is directly tributary to it, and this is the best and most reliable endorsement after all. Its geographical position is such that there can be no successful rivalry; its extensive and extended system of improvement which has already been drawn to it, by the natural advantages which it possesses, not only determines its superiority of location, but must contribute greatly to its immediate growth, as well as permanent success.

I think there can be no doubt, that it will be the largest town on the Upper Mississippi between Dubuque and St. Paul. It has a greater extent of country tributary to it, than either of these prosperous cities; and standing as it does without the possibility of successful rivalry, it is fair to infer that within the next ten years, it will be at least equal in population to what either of these cities are at present.

The proprietor of this paper made a trip to the Upper Mississippi in August last, and visited La Crescent, among other places. The town is beautifully situated upon a level plateau, some thirty feet above the highest water of the Mississippi—this plateau furnishes ample room for a large city. There is said to be no other eligible site for a town on the west bank of the Mississippi within fifty miles of this place; and no other point of easy access to the river from the interior of the country on both sides, so as to form a natural passway, or route of travel, east and west, for more than one hundred miles up and down the river. It seems therefore to be the key to the extensive country west of it; said to be remarkably fertile, and as a consequence, rapidly acquiring a dense population. The railways of this new and vigorous section of country, running east and west, through Wisconsin and Minnesota, converge to this point, as the great natural gateway and future thoroughfare of travel, across the Mississippi from Lake Michigan Pacificward.

For these reasons—and they seem to the writer to be just and reliable—the citizens of La Crescent claim that their town is destined speedily to become, under the invariable laws of commerce and trade, the leading commercial point for the entire country west of it, and hence must rapidly increase in population, in wealth, and in all the elements of a prosperous and growing city.

The writer had the pleasure while at La Crescent, of making the acquaintance of Mr. Wells, the able President of the Southern Minnesota Railroad Company, and also of Messrs. Kneeland & Pringle, two of the most efficient and leading Directors. It gives him pleasure here, to bear testimony to the courtesy, intelligence, and sociability of these gentlemen. Mr. Kneeland has been the leading spirit, through whose energy and admirable management the long line of railway from Milwaukee to La Crosse has just been completed, and is now in successful operation. To these gentlemen—intelligent, practical, energetic, and in every way eminently qualified for the position—has been confided the construction and management of the Southern Minnesota Railroad, from La Crescent, west—this great improvement could not be confided to better hands; their services and success in the past is the best guaranty that could be given, for their able and successful management in the future.

FLORENCE'S SEAT TO BE CONTESTED.—The Philadelphia journals state that the seat of Thomas B. Florence, who claims to have received a few hundred plurality in the Third District of Pennsylvania, by the colonization of a thousand or two of voters at the Navy Yard, is to be contested. From the particulars of this case, as we have already published them, it is manifest that he has no right to a seat in Congress, by virtue of such an election. Such a palpable fraud, to which the National Executive appears to have been an original party, as he was to the friends in Kansas after the fact, should not go unrebuked.

## MASONIC.

The Grand Lodge of Kentucky, held at Lexington, closed its annual session on Thursday, the 14th inst. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

M. W. Robert Morris, of Louisville, Grand Master.  
R. W. Harvey T. Wilson, of Sherburne, Dep. Gr. Master.  
W. Lewis Landram, of Lancaster, Grand Sec. Warden.  
W. Benj. J. Hinton, of Paducah, Gr. Jr. Warden.  
Rev. Wm. H. Forsyth, of Cynthiana, Grand Chaplain.  
John M. S. McCorkle, of Greensburg, Grand Secretary.  
John M. Todd, of Frankfort, Asst. G. Sec'y.  
A. G. Hodges, of Frankfort, Gr. Treasurer.  
J. W. Craig, of Lexington, Gr. Sen. Deacon.  
M. D. Logan, of Lancaster, Gr. Jr. Deacon.  
Wm. C. Munger, of Cornington, Grand Marshal.  
Wm. E. Woodruff, of Louisville, Gr. Sword Bearer.  
John McCracken, of Lexington, Grand Purveyor.  
D. D. Richardson, of Lexington, Gr. Tyler.

The next session of the Grand Lodge will be held in Louisville, on the 3rd Monday in October, 1859.

The Grand Chapter met at the same place, and elected the following officers:

M. E. Wm. M. Samuel, of Paris, Grand High Priest.  
E. Thos. Todd, of Shelbyville, Dep. Gr. High Priest.  
E. T. N. Wise, of Covington, Grand Sec'y.  
Philip Swigert, of Frankfort, Grand Seng.  
A. G. Hodges, of Frankfort, Gr. Treasurer.  
Rev. J. A. Merriek, of Paris, Grand Chaplain.  
Theodore Kohlhaas, of Winchester, Grand Capt. H.  
Thos. M. Lillard, of Napoleon, Gr. C. G.  
D. D. Richardson, of Lexington, Gr. S. and T.  
The following are the officers of Grand Council of High Priest for the ensuing twelve months:

Thomas Ware, of Cynthiana, G. P.  
Henry Wingate, of Frankfort, G. O. P.  
Rev. Wm. H. Forsyth, of Cynthiana, G. O. T. N. Wise, of Covington, G. R.  
Philip Swigert, of Frankfort, G. Tr.  
S. D. McCullough, of Lexington, G. M. C.  
J. M. S. McCorkle, of Greensburg, G. Con.  
Beb. Morris, of Louisville, G. H.  
John McCracken, of Lexington, G. S.

## Contested Election Decided.

FRANKFORT, KY., Oct. 18th, 1858.

The undersigned, Charles S. Morehead, Governor, Mason Brown, Secretary of State, James Harlan, Attorney General, Thomas S. Page, Auditor of Public Accounts, and James H. Garrard, Treasurer, this day met at the office of the Secretary of State as a Board to determine the contested election between Charles Green and John W. Ritter for the office of Judge of the Equity and Criminal Court for the Fourth Judicial District; and being first sworn before George W. Gwin, a Justice of the Peace for Franklin county, as required by law, we there proceeded to examine the returns from the several counties comprising the Fourth Judicial District of the election of a Judge of the Equity and Criminal Court for the same, held the first Monday of August, 1858, and find that Charles Green received six thousand and fifteen votes (6315) and John W. Ritter received five thousand nine hundred and seventy two (5972) votes.

We therefore affirm and determine that Charles Green received a majority of the votes given at said election for said office, and was duly elected to the office of Judge of the equity and Criminal Court for the Fourth Judicial District of Kentucky, for the period prescribed by law; and that a commission issue accordingly.

Given under our hands this 18th of October, A. D. 1858.

C. S. MOREHEAD,  
MASON BROWN,  
J. HARLAN,  
THOS. S. PAGE,  
J. H. GARRARD.

IT We have already stated that the Administration and Republican strength in the next Congress will be about equal. To show this we classify the members elect as Administration, Anti-Leocompton Democrats, Republicans, Whigs, Leocompton Americans, and Anti-Leocompton Americans, as follows:

Ad. A. L. D. Rep. Whig. L. A. A. L. A.					
Maline,	60	60	6	60	60
Vermont,	60	60	2	60	60
Missouri,	50	60	2	60	60
Pennsylvania,	2	3	15	1	4
Ohio,	60	60	12	2	60
Indiana,	2	1	7	60	60
Iowa,	60	60	2	60	60
California,	60	60	60	60	60
Florida,	1	60	60	60	60
S. Carolina,	1	60	60	60	60
Arkansas,	2	60	60	60	60
Total,	35	6	45	3	2

In the present Congress the Administration has 41 members from the same States. The next Congress will probably be composed of 37 Administration members to 137 Opposition, of which last the Republicans will have about 92 members. As the Republicans and Democrats will both be in a minority by themselves, the Americans, Whigs, and Anti-Leocompton Democrats will hold the balance of power, and probably control the action of the House of Representatives. The Americans will number about 30.

[Lou. Jour.]

IT The most remarkable result in Pennsylvania is the election of Schwartz, anti-Leocompton Democrat, over J. G. Jones, the Leocompton nominee. Old Berks county never gave less than 4,000 Democratic majority. Jones was elected, two years ago, by over 6,000. The county is the whole district.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.—The Legislature of Pennsylvania, just elected, is very strongly Opposition. To the Assembly, there are 72 Opposition members chosen, and 28 Democrats; and to the Senate, 18 Opposition, 5 Anti-Leocompton, and 2 Administration Democrats.

IMPORTANT FROM SPAIN.—DEPARTURE OF AN EXPEDITION AGAINST MEXICO.—The following is translated from a letter dated Madrid, September 21st. It confirms the reports that the Spanish Cabinet are determined to act energetically against Mexico:

"In the early part of October four ships of war belonging to the squadron of Galicia, will depart for the waters of Cuba, two of them being the Petronilla and the Isabel-Catolica. They and the transports accompanying them, will carry 3000 soldiers of all arms, with considerable war material, destined for the Antilles."

"It is designed to have at Havana a considerable squadron and a disposable force of 13,000 men, destined to compel satisfaction from the Mexican Republic. The trip of the Minister of Marine to Cadix was principally with a view to prepare maritime reinforcements destined for the Gulf of Mexico."

IT The wife of the Hon. John Hickman, died on Tuesday last, while the election was progressing.

IT The following is a corrected list of Congressmen elected in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana:

## PENNSYLVANIA.

First District—Thomas B. Florence, Dem., re-elected.  
Second District—Edward Joy Morris, Op., re-elected.  
Third District—John P. Verree, Op., gain.  
Fourth District—William Millard, Op., gain.  
Fifth District—John Wood, Op., gain.  
Sixth District—John Hickman, anti-Lec. Dem., re-elected.  
Seventh District—Henry C. Longnecker, Op., gain.  
Eighth District—John Schwartz, anti-Lec. Dem., gain.  
Ninth District—Thaddeus Stevens, Op., no change.  
Tenth District—John W. Killinger, Op., no change.  
Eleventh District—James H. Campbell, Op., gain.  
Twelfth District—George W. Seranton, Op., gain.  
Thirteenth District—William H. Dinmick, Dem., re-elected.  
Fourteenth District—Galusha A. Grow, Op., gain.  
Fifteenth District—James T. Hale, Op., gain.  
Sixteenth District—B. F. Junkin, Op., gain.  
Seventeenth District—Edward McPherson, Op., gain.  
Eighteenth District—S. Steel Blair, Op., no change.  
Nineteenth District—John Covode, Op., re-elected.  
Twentieth District—Wm. Montgomery, anti-Lec. Dem., re-elected.  
Twenty-first District—James K. Moorhead, Op., no change.  
Twenty-second District—Robert McKnight, Op., no change.  
Twenty-third District—William Stewart, Op., re-elected.  
Twenty-fourth District—Chapin Hall, Op., gain.  
Twenty-fifth District—Elijah Babbitt, Op., no change.

## OHIO.

First District—George H. Pendleton, Dem., re-elected.  
Second District—John A. Gurley, Op., gain.  
Third District—C. L. Vallandigham, Dem., re-elected.  
Fourth District—Wm. Allen, Dem., gain.  
Fifth District—James M. Ashley, Op., no change.  
Sixth District—R. W. Clarke, Op., gain.  
Seventh District—Thomas Corwin, Op., no change.  
Eighth District—Benjamin Stanton, Op., re-elected.  
Ninth District—John Carey, Op., gain.  
Tenth District—C. A. Triebel, Op., gain.  
Eleventh District—C. D. Martin, Dem., gain.  
Twelfth District—S. S. Cox, Dem., re-elected.  
Thirteenth District—John Sherman, Op., re-elected.  
Fourteenth District—C. Spinck, Op., no change.  
Fifteenth District—Wm. Helmich, Op., gain.  
Sixteenth District—Cyrus B. Thompson, Op., re-elected.  
Seventeenth District—Thos. C. Theaker, Op., gain.  
Eighteenth District—Sydney Egerton, Op., no change.  
Nineteenth District—Edw. Wade, Op., re-elected.  
Twentieth District—John Hutchings, Op., no change.  
Twenty-first District—John A. Bingham, Op., re-elected.

## INDIANA.

First District—Wm. E. Niblack, Lec. Dem., re-elected.  
Second District—Wm. H. English, Lec. Dem., re-elected.  
Third District—Wm. M. Dunn, Op., gain.  
Fourth District—W. S. Holman, anti Lec. Dem., no change.  
Fifth District—David Kilgore, Op., re-elected.  
Sixth District—Albert G. Porter, Op., gain.  
Seventh District—John G. Davis, anti Lec. Dem., re-elected.  
Eighth District—Jas. Wilson, Op., re-elected.  
Ninth District—Schuyler Colfax, Op., re-elected.  
Tenth District—Clas. Case, Op., re-elected.  
Eleventh District—John U. Pettit, Op., re-elected.

IT The majority for the Opposition State ticket in Ohio will be upwards of 22,000, a gain of over 20,000 on the vote for Governor last year.

## COURT OF APPEALS.

MONDAY, Oct. 18, 1858.

CAUSES DECIDED.  
Enders v. Williams, McCracken; reversed.  
Scales v. Ashbrook, Kenton; reversed.  
Thompson v. Commonwealth, Green; reversed.  
Thompson v. Vance, Mercer; affirmed.

ORDERS.  
Adams v. Anderson's ad'mr.; opinion modified and petition for rehearing overruled.  
Murray v. Crutcher; petition for rehearing overruled.  
Lindsey & Dudley v. Craig's ad'mr.; time until 1st day next term given to file petition for rehearing.  
Jefferson v. Halliwell; petition for rehearing.

TUESDAY, Oct. 19, 1858.  
CAUSES DECIDED.  
Hildreth, et al v. Hatcher, et al, Marion; affirmed.  
Wallace v. Vance, Laurel; reversed.  
Wallace v. Maupin, Hickman; reversed.  
Crowder v. Crowder's, (2 cases), Marion; reversed.  
Hatcher v. Harkworth, Floyd; reversed.

ORDERS.  
Gano v. Otwell; rehearing granted.  
Onley & Co. v. McAffee; appellants given until 1st day next term to file petition for rehearing.  
Comor v. Connor; order of hearing set aside and continued.  
James P. Metcalf, Esq., appointed Reporter.

DIED.  
On the 5th inst., at Oakdale, Madison county, Ill., NETLIE, daughter of Benj. E. and Sue H. Edwards, aged 5 years.  
At the same place on the 16th inst., BEN. E. EDWARDS, late of San Antonio, Texas, aged 34 years, son of Dr. B. F. Edwards, of St. Louis.

## VICTORY!!

GEO. B. SLOAT & CO'S

Liptic Sewing Machine Triumphant!

THESE Machines have been on exhibition at the Louisville Mechanics' Fair for the past few weeks, contending with Wheeler & Wilson's Celebrated Machines and many others, for the prize. After thorough examination, by competent judges, the premium was awarded to SLOAT'S MACHINE, and now we notice the acknowledgment of the defeated party to the justice of the award, by the sudden and material reduction in the price of the defeated Machines.

SLOAT'S Machines have been introduced in Kentucky since July last, since which time they have rapidly gained in public favor, and such is now the demand for them, in consequence of their superiority and low price, that the manufacturers at Philadelphia are turning out 200 per week, and the demand not fully met.

There is no other Sewing Machine now before the public that will carry the heavy or light thread, perform equally well on the thickest and lowest, or lightest fabric, and which has entire freedom from that painful and never-to-be-forgotten trouble, called the pad. It is very simple and easy in its construction, offered at the low price of \$20, and warranted to perform perfectly for three years.

Reference given to all persons using Wheeler & Wilson's Machines, if not prejudiced, it will give me great pleasure to show these Machines to all persons desirous to purchase or examine a Sewing Machine that will not vex and trouble them in its performance.

C. A. CLARKE, Agent, Frankfort, Ky.

IT The wife of the Hon. John Hickman, died on Tuesday last, while the election was progressing.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

PAGE, GAINES & PAGE,

FALL IMPORTATION OF 1858,

SAINT CLAIR STREET.

WE are now in receipt of our Fall stock, which for variety, style, and novelty cannot be surpassed, consisting in part of:  
RICHESS SILKS, RIBBONS, SILK ROBES, LACES AND EMBROIDERIES, ROBES AQUILLE, TRIMMINGS, ROBE ATLES, LINENS, FANCY D'AINES AND MERISES, WHITE GOODS, LACE SETS, COLLARS AND SLEEVES, HOOT SKIRTS, LACE CURTAINS, CLOAKS, AND DAMASKS.

We have also on hand and will be receiving during the season, a large stock of Staple Goods, English and American Prints, Flannels, Sheet, Table Damask, a superior stock of History and Underwear for Gents and Ladies, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, and Fustings, all of the newest and choicest styles.

Hardware and Groceries of all kinds; CARPETS, Velvet, Tapestry, and Brussels, 2 1/2 yds and 3 1/2 yds large; Rugs, Mats, and Oil Cloths.

Queensware and Glass Ware of every Description.

All kinds of Country Produce, Jeans, White and Plaid Linsey, Yarn Socks and Stockings, taken in exchange for goods.  
Buyers are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. We can and will offer inducements. Give us a call and judge for yourself.

PAGE, GAINES & PAGE.

## To the Voters of Kentucky.

I am a candidate for re-election as Auditor of Public Accounts. My past official conduct is the only guaranty that I can offer for the future.  
Sept. 13, 1858.—T. H. S. PAGE.  
All the papers in Kentucky will publish the above until the election and send bill to T. S. P.

## THE REPORT OF THE

"Kentucky State Agricultural Society,"

FOR 1856 AND 1857.

Just published, and for sale at this office, at \$2 per copy. This Report will be found very interesting and useful to all who feel an interest in the Agricultural Improvement of the State. It is bound in the style of the "Report of the Kentucky Geological Survey," is a volume of 596 pages, embellished with a number of cuts of the animals which took premiums at the State Fairs. All orders to be addressed to A. G. HODGES, Sept. 24, 1858.

## LIBERIA,

AS I FOUND IT, IN 1858.

By Rev. A. M. COWAN,

Agent Ky. Colonization Society.

184 pages, Royal Octavo.

Just published and for sale at this office. Price 75 cents. We will send a copy, postage paid, to any one sending us a certain amount of money or postage stamps. June 18, 1858.—T.

## JOHN L. MOORE & SON,

ARE RECEIVING THEIR LARGE STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

AND AT VERY LOW RATES!

Sept. 10, 1858.—advtf.

## Liberia.

The emigrants in Kentucky who intend going to Liberia in this Fall's expedition, will please report themselves to me by letter, at Frankfort, Ky. I shall leave Frankfort for Baltimore on the 25th of October, 1858, to be in time for the sailing of the vessel to Liberia. This notice press in Kentucky will please publish this notice.

ALEX. M. COWAN, Agent Ky. Col. Soc.

Frankfort, Sept. 10, 1858.

## Rheumatism Cured!

Not less than about twenty thousand cases, of this painful and paralyzing disease, have already been cured by the use of Dr. Mortimore's celebrated remedy. These comprise cases of every seeming form of the disease, from those of a recent inflammatory (acute) character, to old Chronic cases of ten, twenty, and even thirty years standing, and this after the patients had long been given up as incurable by eminent physicians. Some had taken voyages at sea, spent years of residence in the most salubrious climates, visited the various "Water Cure" establishments, and celebrated Springs, both in this country and Europe, yet had still remained crippled, until they used this remedy, and by its use have been restored to health.

This is a vegetable—internal remedy, prepared and recommended for this one disease alone. It is a cure, and is perfectly safe to be used in any state of health, even by the most delicate female or child.

Evidence of the highest possible character from physicians, clergymen and others, is published in behalf of this remedy, such as to give it character with every intelligent or reflecting mind. This evidence will be furnished to any address desired. The medicine is sold at \$5 per bottle, five bottles for \$20, or \$40 per dozen, and will be sent by Express, or as directed, to any part of the Union. Apply to or address

DR. D. MORTIMORE, Third St., opposite Journal Office, Louisville, Ky.

August 20, 1858.—1y

## 18th B. Monroe.

The 18th volume of Ben. Monroe's Reports just published and for sale at this office. Price \$5, or when sent by mail fifty cents additional for postage.

## Special Notice—To the Public.

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